



TRAINING PROGRAM

**For Beginning Runners
(those who have been running consistently for less than 6 months)**

Thousands of beginning runners have finished half marathons, with strength, using this program. Only 3 weekly training days are needed: 30 minutes on Tuesday and Thursday, and a longer session on the weekend. On half of the weekends, most will be running and walking for an hour or less. For more information, see my book HALF MARATHON at www.JeffGalloway.com.

Jeff Galloway • US Olympian • Training Director • Disney Endurance Events



TRAINING PROGRAM OVERVIEW

1

The long run is the key to marathon training. As you increase the distance of these, listed below, you push back your endurance barriers and prepare to “go the distance” on raceday. You cannot go too slowly on the long runs: your goal is simply to finish each one with strength. Generally, you want to slow down 3 minutes per mile slower than you could currently run a half marathon. See the “magic mile” section for more information.

2

No huffing and puffing! On long runs, you want to be able to carry on a conversation throughout the run—even at the end. A very slow pace, with liberal walk breaks, will allow almost everyone to feel strong on almost every long one. If you're breathing hard at the end of a long one, you need to adjust to a slower pace with more walk breaks from the beginning of the next one.

3

Running form: Never sprint during a running segment—keep feet low to the ground, using a light touch of the feet, and a relatively short stride. Most runners find that an upright posture is best but use what feels natural for you. Let your foot move in its natural way. Most runners naturally land on the heel and gently roll off the midfoot.

4

Walking form: walk with a gentle stride, that is relatively short. Power walking and walking with a long stride increase injury risk.

5

Slow down in the heat! Surveys have shown that runners tend to slow down a minute per mile when the temperature is 70F, and an additional minute per mile at 80F. (compared with 60F or below). Please make these pace adjustments on the hot long run days, using more

frequent walk breaks to avoid heat stress. Don't wear a hat on hot days, try to run before the sun rises above the horizon and pour water over the top of your head.

6

Time limit for the race is 3:30. The per mile pace to reach this goal is 16 min/mi. The “magic mile” listed, will predict current potential on an ideal race day. Long run pace should be at least 2 min/mi slower than current half marathon race pace, predicted by the MM (see # 15). Please practice running at 15:00 to 15:30 per mile pace during the middle of a Tuesday or a Thursday run each week as noted in # 9.

7

Run-walk-run ratio should correspond to the pace used. If you are just starting to run, try a strategy of (run 5 seconds/walk 55 seconds). If this is too easy, use (10sec run/50 sec walk) for all runs during the first 3 weeks. On long



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runs, you can continue to use either 5/55 or 10/50. Those who have done regular running in the past can shift to the "To Finish" program after 3 weeks.

8

Two "maintenance runs" are needed each week to sustain the conditioning needed—usually on Tuesday and Thursday. Please take

a day off from running before each running day. On Tuesday, practice various run-walk-run strategies and enjoy these runs. On designated non-long-run weekends, run the MM as described in # 15.

9

Race Day practice. On a Tuesday and/or a Thursday run each week, after the standard warmup (# 11), time yourself for 2 miles and try to

pace at 15:00-15:30 per mile. As you use a variety of run-walk-run strategies, you should find the right ratio for you. A common strategy at this pace is (run 15 sec/walk 45 sec, but some use 20 sec run/40 sec walk, or 30/30).

10

It is fine to do cross training on Mon, Wed, and Fri. if you wish.

There will be little benefit to your running in doing this, but you'll increase your fat burning. On the cross training days, don't do exercises like stair machines that concentrate effort in the calf muscle.

11

Standard warmup: walk for 3-5 minutes, then, run for a few seconds and walk for a minute for 5 minutes. Then, gradually increase

the amount of running, reducing the amount of walking for 5 minutes—until you reach the ratio that feels comfortable for you.

12

On Tuesday, after the standard warmup, try increasing the running portions: run 10 seconds/

walk 50 seconds for 5 or more intervals, then run 15 sec/walk 45 seconds for 5 repetitions. At this point, take a 2-3 minute walk

break and try 20/40 for 5 minutes, walk 2 minutes and try 30/30 for 5 minutes. It is OK to huff and puff a little as you increase the portion of running. But if the latter strategies are too tough, drop back to a comfortable ratio and complete the 30 minutes by using whatever ratio you wish.

13

On Thursday, after the standard warmup, time yourself for 2 miles.

Use a run-walk-run strategy that feels comfortable. Try to run at 15:00 to 15:30 per mile.

14

Standard cool down: walk for 10 minutes with a gentle and short stride.

15

Magic Mile: I suggest doing this after the standard warmup on the non long run weekends. By the end of the training program you want to run a 12:15 time or faster to predict a finish time below 3:30 on raceday—at 60F. Be sure to adjust



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pace for temperature increase as noted in # 5, on long runs and on raceday.

The “Magic Mile” time trial (MM) is a reality check on your goal pace on raceday, and has been the best predictor of finishing under the race time limit of 3:30.

- Use the standard warmup (# 11)
- Run around a track if at all possible (or a very accurately measured one mile segment)
- Time yourself for 4 laps (1600 meters). Start the watch at the beginning, and keep it running until you cross the finish at 1.0 miles.
- **On the first MM, don't run all-out: run at a pace that is slightly faster than your current gentle pace.**
- Only one MM is done on each day it is assigned.
- On each successive MM (usually 2 weeks later), your mission is to beat the previous best time.
- Don't ever run so hard that you hurt your feet,

knees, etc. Maintain a short stride, picking up the cadence or turnover to run faster.

- After the MM, jog slowly for the rest of the distance assigned on that day taking as many walk breaks as you wish.

After you have run 3 of these (not at one time--on different weekends) you'll see progress and will run them hard enough so that you are huffing and puffing during the second half. Try walking for about 10-30 seconds after each lap during the MM. Most beginning runners record a faster time when taking short breaks.

Predicted (Ideal Conditions) Pace: Take your best current MM time and multiply by 1.3. This is the fastest pace you could currently expect to run under ideal conditions per mile in the half marathon.

Long run pace: should be at least 2 minutes slower than the current predicted half marathon pace.

Adjust for temperature on long runs: At 70F, slow the pace by an additional minute per mile. At 80F, slow down another minute per mile.

Note: This training advice is given as one runner to another. For medical questions, ask your doctor.

DISNEY PRINCESS HALF MARATHON TRAINING SCHEDULE

3-Day Training Week: For Beginning Runners

WEEK 1

TUESDAY October 12	THURSDAY October 14	SATURDAY October 16
30 minutes	30 minutes	3 miles

WEEK 2

TUESDAY October 19	THURSDAY October 21	SATURDAY October 23
30 minutes	30 minutes	4 miles

WEEK 3

TUESDAY October 26	THURSDAY October 28	SATURDAY October 30
30 minutes	30 minutes	2.5 miles

WEEK 4

TUESDAY November 2	THURSDAY November 4	SATURDAY November 6
30 minutes	30 minutes	5 miles

WEEK 5

TUESDAY November 9	THURSDAY November 11	SATURDAY November 13
30 minutes	30 minutes	2.5 miles

WEEK 6

TUESDAY November 16	THURSDAY November 18	SATURDAY November 20
30 minutes	30 minutes	6 miles



WEEK 7

TUESDAY November 23	THURSDAY November 25	SATURDAY November 27
30 minutes	30 minutes	3 miles

WEEK 8

TUESDAY November 30	THURSDAY December 2	SATURDAY December 4
30 minutes	30 minutes	7 miles

WEEK 9

TUESDAY December 7	THURSDAY December 9	SATURDAY December 11
30 minutes	30 minutes	3 miles

WEEK 10

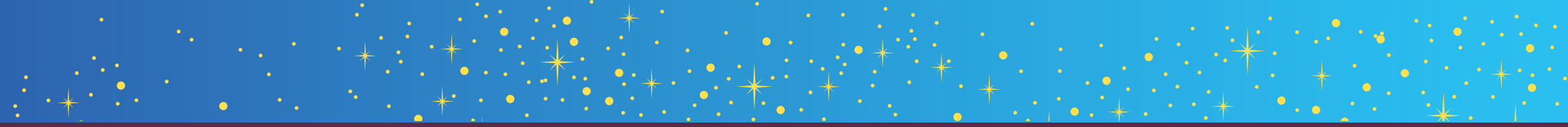
TUESDAY December 14	THURSDAY December 16	SATURDAY December 18
30 minutes	30 minutes	8 miles

WEEK 11

TUESDAY December 21	THURSDAY December 23	SATURDAY December 25 or 26
30 minutes	30 minutes	3 miles

WEEK 12

TUESDAY December 28	THURSDAY December 30	SATURDAY January 1
30 minutes	30 minutes	9.5 miles



WEEK 13

TUESDAY December 28	THURSDAY December 30	SATURDAY January 8
30 minutes	30 minutes	3 miles with Magic Mile

WEEK 14

TUESDAY January 11	THURSDAY January 13	SATURDAY January 15
30 minutes	30 minutes	11 miles

WEEK 15

TUESDAY January 18	THURSDAY January 20	SATURDAY January 22
30 minutes	30 minutes	3 miles with Magic Mile

WEEK 16

TUESDAY January 25	THURSDAY January 27	SATURDAY January 29
30 minutes	30 minutes	12.5 miles

WEEK 17

TUESDAY February 1	THURSDAY February 3	SATURDAY February 5
30 minutes	30 minutes	3 miles with Magic Mile

WEEK 18

TUESDAY February 8	THURSDAY February 10	SATURDAY February 12
30 minutes	30 minutes	14 miles



WEEK 19

TUESDAY February 15	THURSDAY February 17	SATURDAY February 19
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30 minutes

30 minutes

3 miles

WEEK 20

TUESDAY February 22	THURSDAY February 24	SATURDAY February 26
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30 minutes

30 minutes

Disney's Princess
Half Marathon

WEEK 21

TUESDAY March 1	THURSDAY March 3	SATURDAY March 5
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30 minutes

30 minutes

3 miles

WEEK 22

TUESDAY March 8	THURSDAY March 10	SATURDAY March 12
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30 minutes

30 minutes

4 miles
in training for
DISNEYLAND®
Half Marathon